

"BONNIE SCOTLAND,"

FANTAISIE BRILLANTE,

for the

HARP,

Composed, and dedicated

to
his Pupil

MISS ANNIE HOLDEN,

(Aston Hall, Derby)

by

CHARLES OBERTHÜR,

(Harpist to H.R.H. the Duchess Pauline of Nassau)

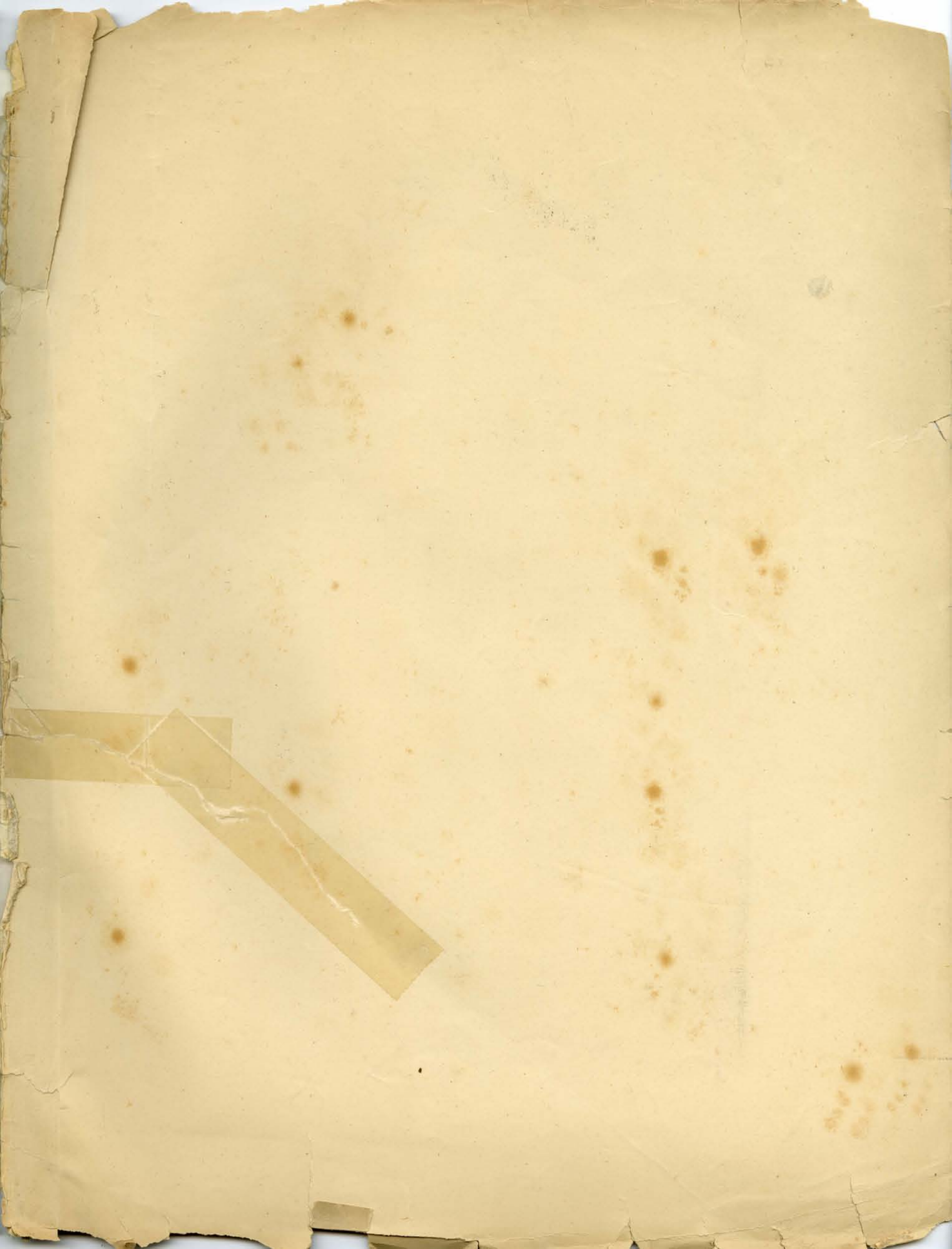
Ent. Sta. Hall.

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Op. 115.

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Bonnie Scotland

HARP.

"BONNIE SCOTLAND"

FANTAISIE BRILLANTE.

PAR

CHARLES OBERTHÜR

OP. 115.

ANDANTE
MAESTOSO.

mf

(A \flat)

Leggierissimo. 15

(E \sharp)

(A \flat)

f

gva

fz

Leggiero.

fz (C \sharp) ff

estrapate.

p Dolce.

near the soundingboard

Molto cres:

Veloce.
tranquillo.
sf
fz
Sosten:

p *Dolce e Leggiero.* *sf* *pp* *sf* *pp* *sf*
gva

gva
pp *sf*
Molto leggiero e pp

Quasi l'Echo.

ALLEGRO.
Cresc: 3/4

TEMPO mo Cresc e string. fz Veloce.

Cadence. pp e leggiero.

Molto sosten. ANDANTE CANTABILE. (F) p espressivo. Delicato.

Delicato. pp Dolce espressivo.

Calando e sosten. p a tempo. ten. ten.

HARP.

5

Dolce.

Cal? e sost.

a Tempo. *ten.* *Dolciss: e riten:* *ANIMATO.*

p

V ben marcato la melodia.

..... è cresc. poco a poco

ff

The musical score is written for a harp and consists of six systems of grand staves. The key signature is G major (one sharp) and the time signature is 2/4. The notation includes numerous arpeggiated figures, often indicated by a '6' above the notes, suggesting sixteenth-note patterns. Some passages are marked with 'gva' (grace). The piece ends with a final chord in the bass staff.

HARP.

7

7

p e ben legato.

fz

p

gva

p

gva

(D#) *fz*

simile. *Cresc: ...* (Db)

(G#)

string: poco

First system of musical notation for harp. The right hand features a melodic line with a crescendo leading to a forte (f) dynamic. The left hand provides a harmonic accompaniment. A dotted line with the letter 'a' spans across the system, and the word 'poco.' is written below the right hand.

Second system of musical notation for harp. The right hand continues the melodic line with a crescendo leading to a forte (f) dynamic. The left hand provides a harmonic accompaniment. A dotted line with the letter 'a' spans across the system, and the word 'poco.' is written below the right hand.

Third system of musical notation for harp. The right hand continues the melodic line with a crescendo leading to a forte (f) dynamic. The left hand provides a harmonic accompaniment. A dotted line with the letter 'a' spans across the system, and the word 'poco.' is written below the right hand.

Fourth system of musical notation for harp. The right hand continues the melodic line with a crescendo leading to a forte (f) dynamic. The left hand provides a harmonic accompaniment. A dotted line with the letter 'a' spans across the system, and the word 'poco.' is written below the right hand.

Fifth system of musical notation for harp. The right hand continues the melodic line with a crescendo leading to a forte (f) dynamic. The left hand provides a harmonic accompaniment. A dotted line with the letter 'a' spans across the system, and the word 'poco.' is written below the right hand.

(D#)

3 2 3 2

Molto crescendo

(C#) *gva*

(C#) *Cadence.* (Db) *ppp*

gva

bisbigliando.

gva

(Cb)

cresc: e poco presto dim:

(Ab) *p dolce.*

HARP.

11

MODERATO.

e espress:

mf

Cres:.....

Con dolore.

BRILLANTE.

marcato bene la melodia.

(E#)

(G#)

grv

This musical score is for a harp piece titled "Bonnie Scotland" by C. Oberthür, Op. 115. It consists of five systems of music, each with a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The key signature is three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The score features various musical notations including slurs, accents, and dynamic markings. Specific notes are marked with (E#) and (G#). There are also markings for "gva" (grace) and "2 3" (fingerings). The music is written in a style typical of 19th-century piano or harp literature, with a focus on melodic lines and harmonic support.

The first system of musical notation for the harp. It features a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The music includes several measures with triplets and slurs. The tempo/mood marking "Delicato e Calando." is written below the staff. The system ends with a fermata over a final chord.

The second system of musical notation. It continues the piece with a grand staff. The key signature remains three flats. The tempo/mood marking "Molto sostenuto." is written below the staff. The system includes a section marked with a sharp sign (E#) and a fermata. The tempo changes to "a Tempo." at the end of the system.

The third system of musical notation. It continues the piece with a grand staff. The key signature remains three flats. The system includes several measures with triplets and slurs, ending with a fermata over a final chord.

The fourth system of musical notation. It continues the piece with a grand staff. The key signature remains three flats. The system includes several measures with triplets and slurs, ending with a fermata over a final chord.

The musical score is written for Harp and consists of four systems of music. Each system is written in a grand staff with a treble clef on the upper staff and a bass clef on the lower staff. The key signature is three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The time signature is 2/4. The score features a variety of musical notations, including chords, arpeggios, and melodic lines. The first three systems each have a 'gva' (grace) marking above a series of notes in the upper staff. The fourth system includes a 'Cres: ... e ... stringen:.' marking in the lower staff, indicating a crescendo and string entry. The score concludes with a double bar line.

ALLEGRO.

Con molto forza.

(D#)

gva

sf

(B#)

(C#)

Sempre cresc:

string.

gva

gva

Sempre f

First system of the musical score for Harp. It features a grand staff with two staves. The upper staff has a treble clef and a key signature of three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The lower staff has a bass clef and the same key signature. The music begins with a series of chords in the left hand, marked with a forte *fz* dynamic and a chord symbol $(F\sharp D\sharp B\sharp)$. The right hand plays a series of descending sixteenth notes, marked with a *gva* (glissando) instruction. The tempo is marked *sdruciolando*. The system ends with a double bar line and a 3/8 time signature.

ALLEGRO SPIRITUOSO.

FINALE.

Second system of the musical score for Harp. It features a grand staff with two staves. The upper staff has a treble clef and a key signature of three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The lower staff has a bass clef and the same key signature. The music begins with a series of chords in the left hand, marked with a forte *f* dynamic. The right hand plays a series of descending sixteenth notes. The system ends with a double bar line and a 3/8 time signature.

Third system of the musical score for Harp. It features a grand staff with two staves. The upper staff has a treble clef and a key signature of three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The lower staff has a bass clef and the same key signature. The music begins with a series of chords in the left hand. The right hand plays a series of descending sixteenth notes. The system ends with a double bar line and a 3/8 time signature.

Fourth system of the musical score for Harp. It features a grand staff with two staves. The upper staff has a treble clef and a key signature of three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The lower staff has a bass clef and the same key signature. The music begins with a series of chords in the left hand. The right hand plays a series of descending sixteenth notes. The system ends with a double bar line and a 3/8 time signature.

Fifth system of the musical score for Harp. It features a grand staff with two staves. The upper staff has a treble clef and a key signature of three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The lower staff has a bass clef and the same key signature. The music begins with a series of chords in the left hand, marked with a fortissimo *ff* dynamic. The right hand plays a series of descending sixteenth notes. The system ends with a double bar line and a 3/8 time signature.

a Tempo.

fz *mf*

f *mf*

f *fz* (G#)

fz (B \flat) *gru*

gr'a

fz

p molto leggiero.....

ma cresc:

gr'a

p legato.....

e cresc:

simile.

molto riten.

a Tempo.

sf

mf e legato.

(Cb) sf

mf e legato.

sf

Cresc:.....

(A \flat C \flat)

(D \flat F \flat)

First system of musical notation for Harp, measures 1-4. The treble staff contains a series of chords and single notes, while the bass staff provides harmonic support. Chord symbols (G♯), (A♭), (F♯), and (G♭) are written above the bass staff. The tempo instruction *string: poco a poco sempre più mosso...* is written across the systems.

Second system of musical notation for Harp, measures 5-8. The treble staff continues with complex chordal textures. The bass staff features a melodic line with a key signature change to one sharp (F♯) indicated by a key signature change symbol.

Third system of musical notation for Harp, measures 9-12. The treble staff shows dense chordal patterns. The bass staff continues with a steady melodic accompaniment.

Fourth system of musical notation for Harp, measures 13-16. The treble staff has a melodic line with a *gva* (glissando) marking. The bass staff has a steady accompaniment. The instruction *sempre f e presto.* is written below the bass staff.

Fifth system of musical notation for Harp, measures 17-20. The treble staff features a melodic line with a *gva* marking and a *ff* (fortissimo) dynamic. The bass staff has a steady accompaniment. The instruction *sdruciolando.* is written below the bass staff. The system ends with a **FINE.** marking.

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8.	Ah, fors' è lui	Travin
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13. Au bord de la Lahn	2 6
14. Au bord de la Nahe	2 6
15. Au bord du Neckar	2 6
16. Auf leichtem Zweig	2 6
17. Ah! I'm not sad	2 6
18. Remind me not	2 6